Blast Proof Occupied Buildings





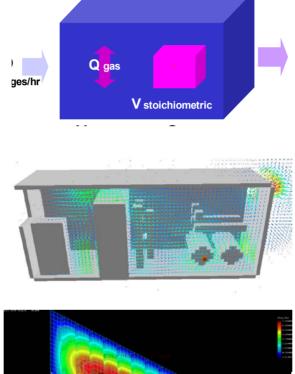
Contents Presentation

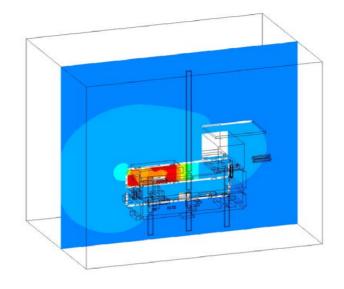
- References
- Functional Specification Blast Resistant Building
- Basis for design
- Blast & impact loading
- Design modeling & analyses
- Preliminary design
- Design details

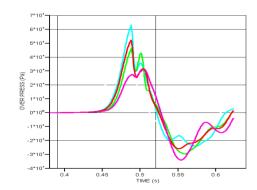


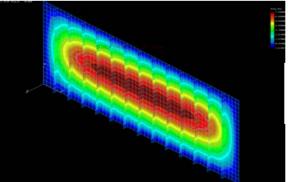
Explosion Analyses & Blast Resistant Design















References Blast Resistant Onshore Modular Buildings

BASF Seal Sands Workshop

Blast resistance check 0,9 Psi



Shell Pernis for Hertel CKT

Blast Resistant Modular Building 8 Psi

BP Refineries for Hertel

Blast Resistant Modular Building 13 Psi





ATEX 137 Implementation & Training

HSEQ Consultants

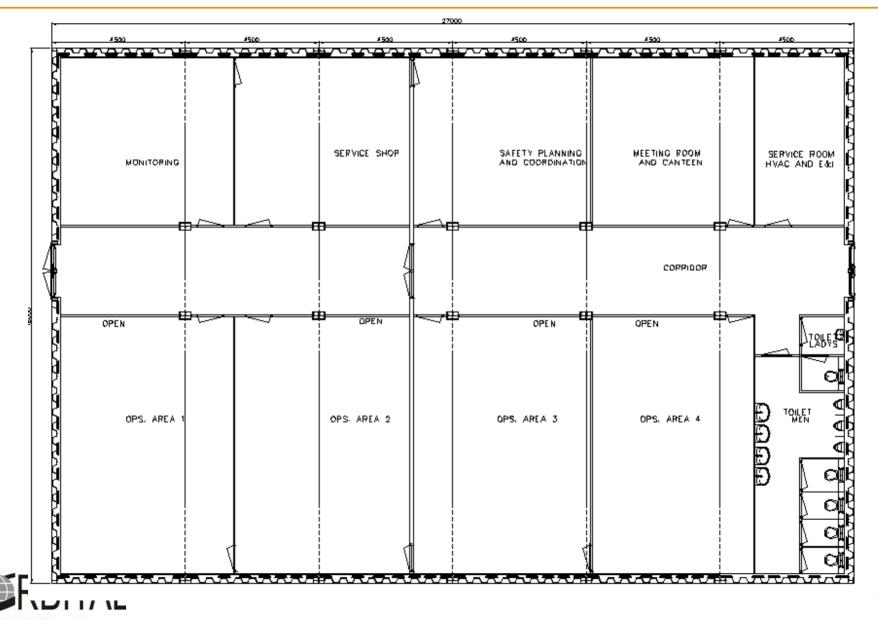


Functional Specification Blast Resistant Building Shell Pernis

- Frame work structural steel; external walls corrugated plating
- Blast overpressure resistance: 970 mbar; 92,3 millisecond
- Explosion driven 6 inch, 300 lbs blind flange impact resistance



Blast resistant building lay out Shell Pernis



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• Specifications:

– GP 04-30

Guidance on practice for design and location of occupied permanent buildings subject to blast, fire and gas hazards on onshore facilities

– GP 04-20

Guidance on Practice for Civil Engineering

- DEP 34.17.10.30-Gen (optional)

Technical specification blast resilient and blast resistant control buildings/field auxiliary rooms

Codes and Standards

- ARMY TM 5-1300

Structures to resist the effect of accidental explosions

- PGS 1, part 2B: Effects of explosions on constructions; VROM/SZW;



Basis for design material properties

Material strength

Applied yield strengthFy = 355 N/mm^2 (St. 52 or equivalent)Ultimate strengthFu = 510 N/mm^2

Dynamic yield stress

Fdy = Fy x SIF x DIF

SIF = Strength increase factor

SIF = 1,1 for structural steel

SIF = 1,2 for cold formed steel cladding panels

DIF = Dynamic increase factor:

DIF = 1.29 for bending/ shear

DIF = 1.19 for tension/ compression

Applied material properties

Structural steel Fdy = $504/465 \text{ N/mm}^2$ (Bending-Shear/tension-compression)SheetingFdy = $550/507 \text{ N/mm}^2$ (Bending-Shear/tension-compression)



Deformation limits

Element	Ductility	Rotation	Deflection
	μ	θ°	
Beams/girths	20	12	
Frame members	3	3	δ < H/25 mm
Metal sheet panels	6	4	
Open web joints	2	2	
Plates	1.5	12	

Ductility µ =Total (plastic) deformation/elastic deformation H = Frame height in mm



Load combinations

Overall strength analysis blast resistant building

- Dead weight + frame blast loading
 - Longitudinal direction
 - Transverse direction

Local strength analysis wall and roof panels

- Reflected over pressure
- Impact loading walls
- Floor
 - Dead weight + live load (3kN/m²
- Stability
 - Dead weight + frame blast loading



Design modeling & analyses

Computer programs & analyses

Local wall and roof analyses

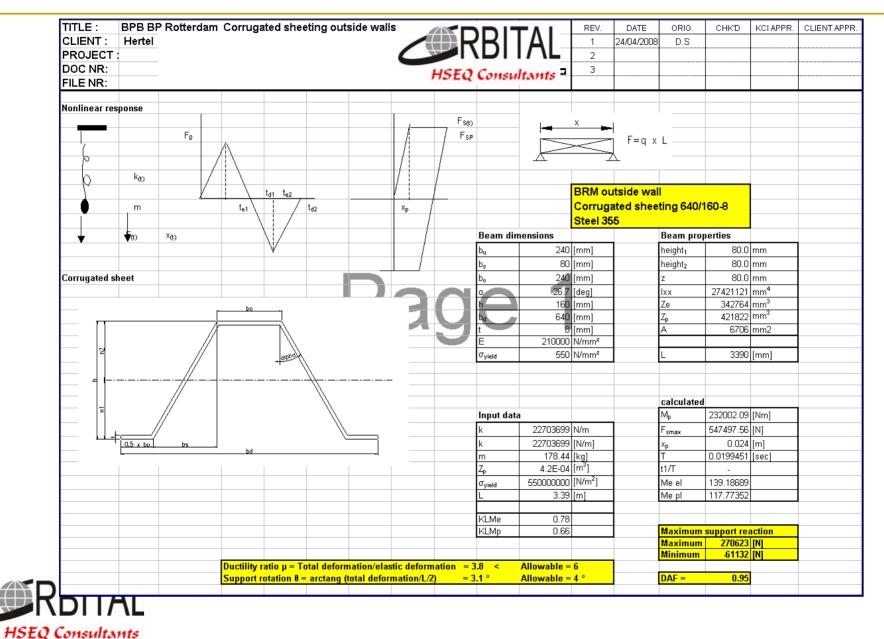
The structural impact and response to the blast pressures to the external walls and roof are analysed by means of a time domain non-linear physical excel software.

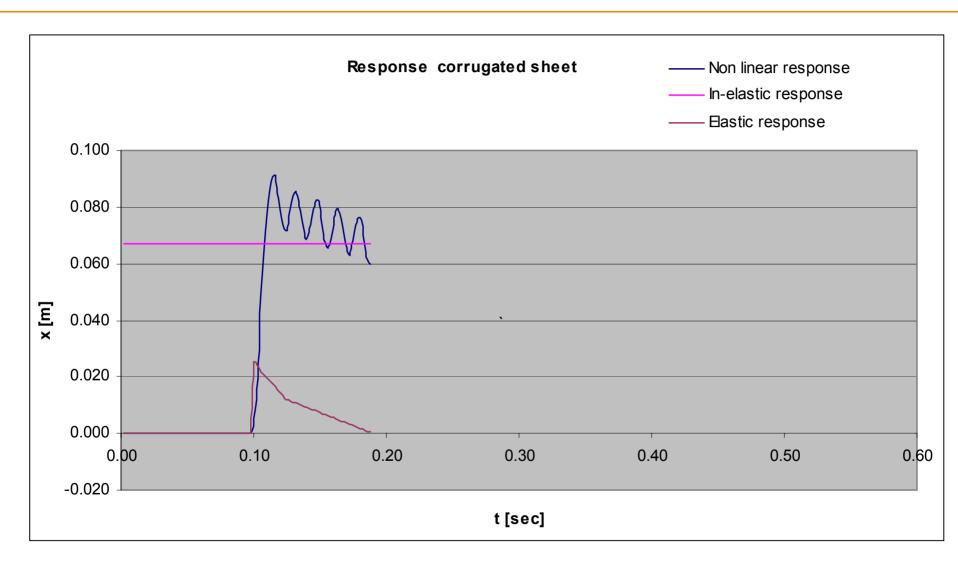
- Overall frame design

The overall structural blast response calculation is performed with the software STAAD.PRO.

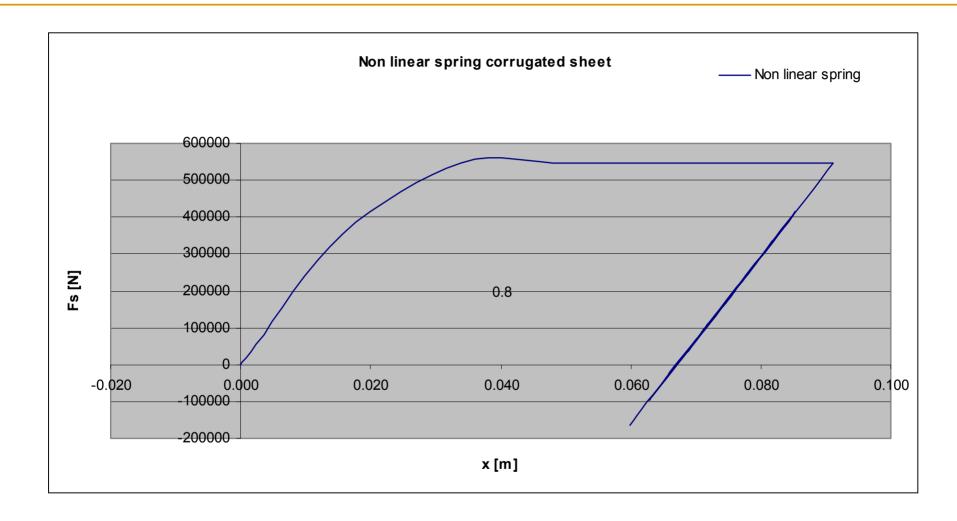
The peak dynamic reactions from the walls and roof are applied to the frame members.



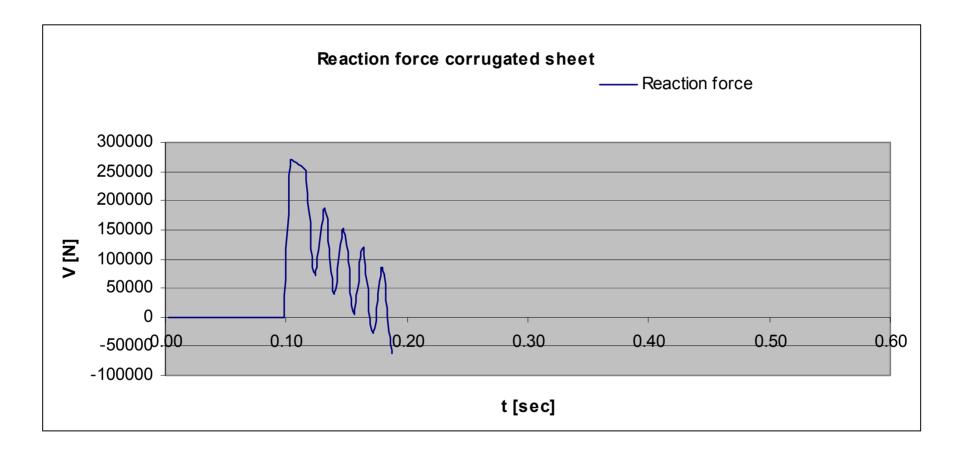












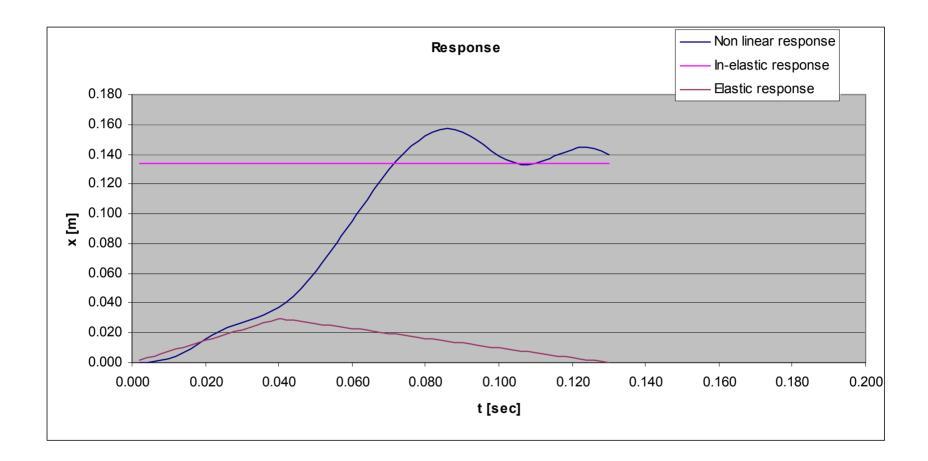


Design model and analysis roof panels

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- yielu	4.4 [r	•		A	1939.6 [mm²]		l _{x plate}	3286364	[mm ⁴]	log Lo/v						
		·		hi	145.2 [mm]		Wel.y	1314545		0.9log L						
	+ +			ч	127 [mm]	+ +	WpLy		[mm ³]	A ₁	1676					
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KLMp	0.66			h	8692922.28 [mm ⁴]		- yield	304		A3	726					
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-	6.3E+04 [1			'y A _{vz}	21250 [mm²]	-	/∿tot Iy _{tot}	14470087.69		shear y	2890					
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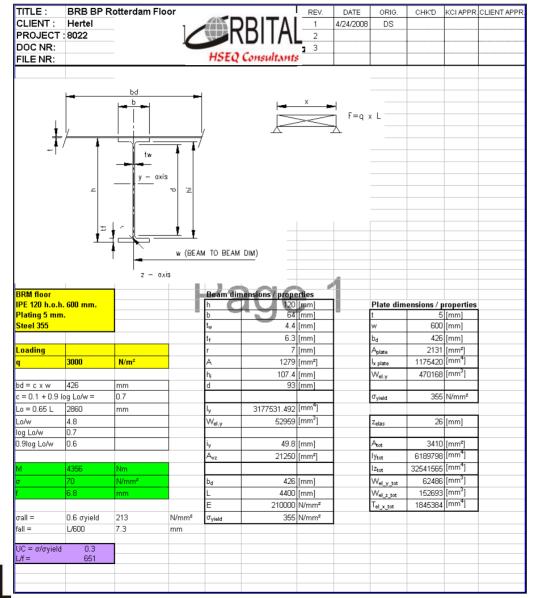


Design model and analysis roof panels



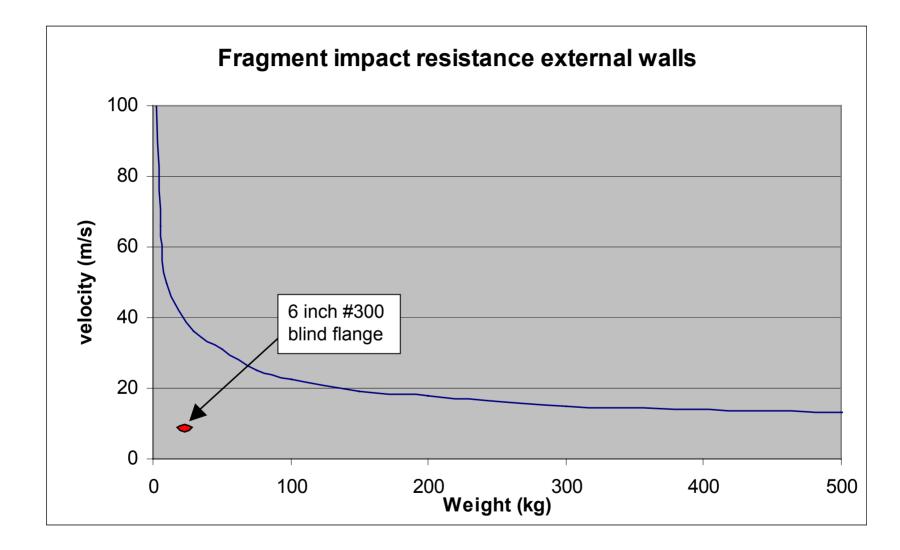


Design model and analysis floor

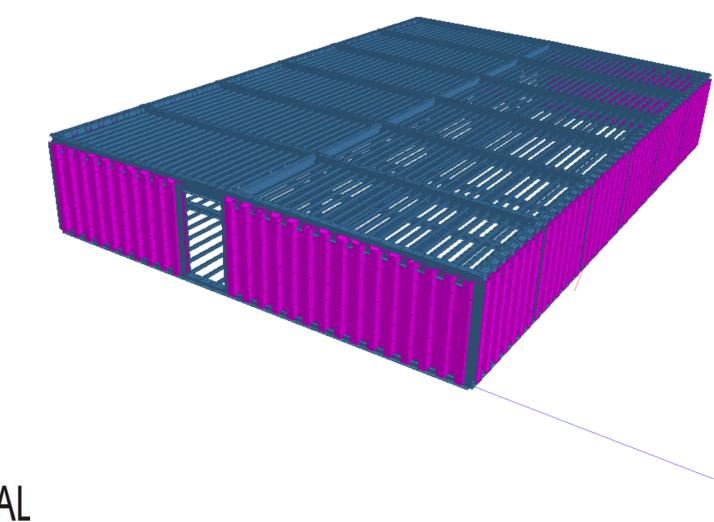




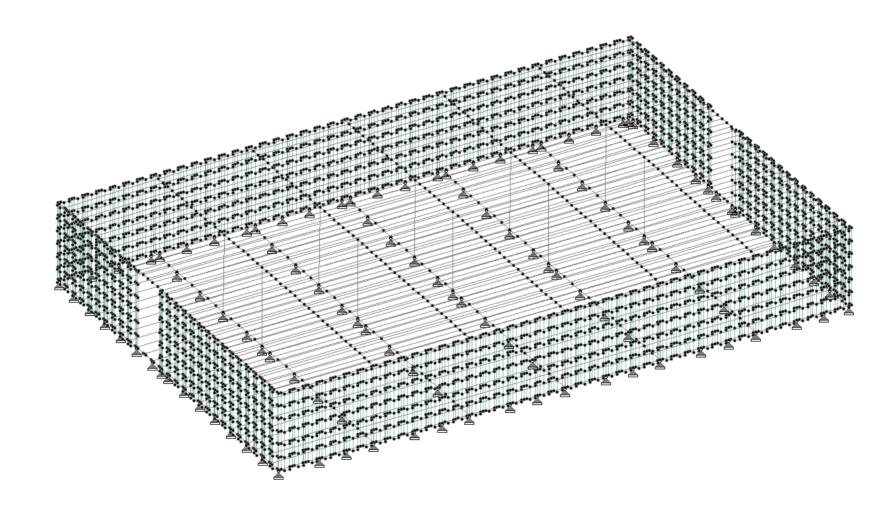
Fragment impact analysis



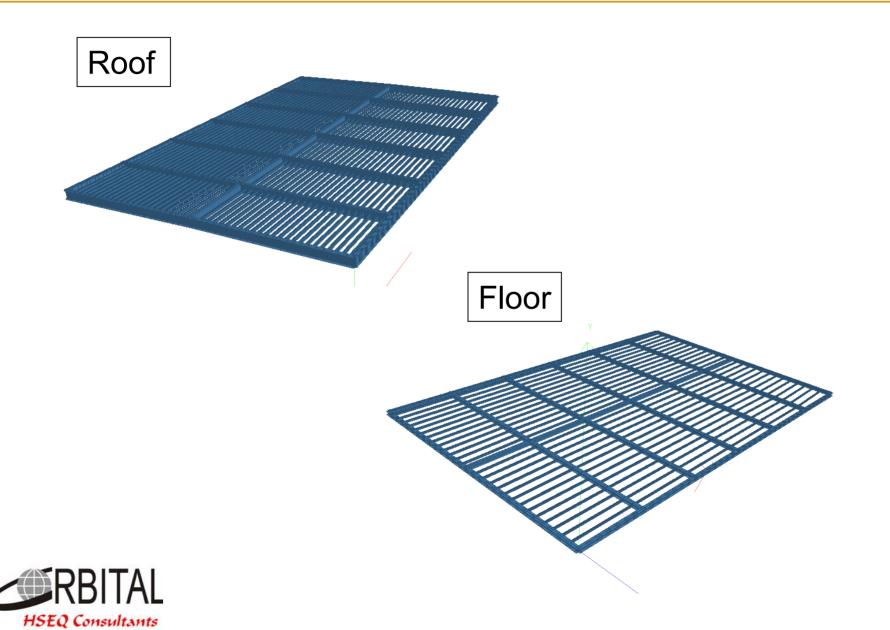


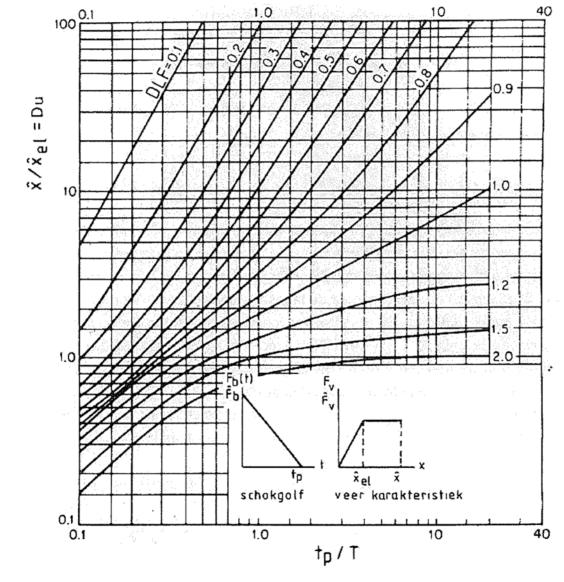














Design details

•Doors

•Windows

•Ducts

•Piping

